ILLINOIS COMMERCE COMMISSION DOCKET NO. 02-0171

DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

DONALD L. RICHARDSON

ON BEHALF OF

UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY

d/b/a AmerenUE

St. Louis, Missouri April , 2002

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12				
13				
14	Q.	Please state your name and business address.		
15	A.	My name is Donald L. Richardson and my business address is 1901 Chouteau		
16	Avenu	ie, St. Louis, Missouri.		
17				
18	Q.	By whom are you employed and in what position?		
19	A.	I am employed by Ameren Services Company as a Consulting Environmental		
20	Engin	eer in Property Remediation & Emergency Response Section of the Environmental		
21	Safety	and Health Department.		
22				
23	Q.	Describe your educational and work background.		
24	A.	I have a Bachelor and Master of Science in Thermal and Environmental		
25	Engin	eering from Southern Illinois University. I am a licensed Professional Engineer in		
26	Misso	Missouri and Illinois. For approximately 5 years, I was employed as an engineer with the		
27	Illinoi	Illinois Environmental Protection Agency before I accepted a job in the Environmental		
28	Depar	Department of Central Illinois Public Service Company in 1981. I have worked with		
29	forme	r manufactured gas plant (MGP) sites since the early 1980's.		

1	

2	Q.	Describe your involvement and responsibilities with respect to the Alton		
3	Manu	Manufactured Gas Plant ("MGP") site.		
4	A.	I am the current project manager for the Alton MGP site. As the project manager		
5	I am r	esponsible for the investigation and management of the remediation of the site. I am		
6	also th	e Company's liaison with the IEPA regarding the Alton MGP site.		
7				
8	Q.	Did the Company incur any expenditures in relation to manufactured gas		
9	plant	("MGP") sites formerly owned and/or operated by AmerenUE?		
10	A.	Yes. The Company has one MGP site located in Alton, Illinois, and AmerenUE		
11	incurr	incurred expenses in 2001 associated with that site.		
12				
13	Q.	Describe the expenses incurred by the Company in 2001 in connection with		
14	the Al	ton MGP site.		
15	A.	In 2001, the Company retained Phillips Environmental to revise documents to		
16	meet t	meet the requirements of Illinois' TACO program. The majority of the \$3621.84 spent in		
17	2001 v	was incurred as part of that effort. Under its current schedule, remediation of the		
18	Alton	MGP is planned for 2003.		
19				
20	Q.	Please describe the technology available for remediating MGP sites.		
21	A.	There are numerous technologies available to remediate sites. Each technology		
22	has ce	rtain requirements, which must be present at a site to make it a viable option for		

consideration. Our consultants evaluate technologies as to the cost and chances of successful meeting numerical cleanup objectives.

For soil to date we have used removal with conventional equipment with disposal at either landfills or incinerators. To date, these have proven to be reliable for meeting cleanup objectives at the least cost. For groundwater, pumping and treating through a standard and very reliable carbon filter system is being used at a CIPS site in Taylorville, Illinois. Natural attenuation is a method the Company is looking at currently to supplement remediation. This involves removal of the heaviest contamination (source) so that naturally occurring microbes at a site may flourish and destroy the remaining contamination.

Groundwater monitoring is necessary after completion of source removal to verify, if natal attenuation is occurring at the site. In addition, the Company is a member of several trade organizations The Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) and the Gas Technologies Institute (GTI). These organizations provide information and research regarding new and innovative cleanup technologies. In addition, numerous vendors with various microbe technologies are constantly approaching the Company and our consultants.

Q. Has the Company considered using microbe technology at any of its sites?

A. Stand alone microbe technology usually requires very specific conditions to work properly. Providing these conditions in field conditions have been shown to be very costly. In addition, specific numerical standards can not be met for all compounds especially the large chain PNAs. Currently, microbe technologies work best in combination with other technologies. For example, the Company has recently hired a consultant to review the Taylorville pump and treat site for possible operating cost reductions. One area they investigated was using microbe technologies to lower the lighter organic compounds in the

1	groundy	water. These lighter compounds use up the carbon filter capacity quickly but are		
2	easily d	estroyed by microbes. The carbon filters would remove the heavier large chain		
3	PNAs n	ot easily destroyed by microbes thereby, increasing the carbon filter life. The		
4	combina	ation of these two technologies may prove to be more cost-effective than each use		
5	alone.	Additional studies at the CIPS site in Taylorville, Illinois are planned to further		
6	evaluate	evaluate this technology.		
7				
8	Q.	With respect to the current reconciliation period, in your opinion, were all of		
9	these remediation costs prudently incurred?			
10	A.	Yes, they were.		
11				
12	Q.	What is the basis for your opinion?		
13	A.	My opinion is based on the prudence standards referenced by the Commission in		
14	its Orde	er issued in Docket 91-0080 through 91-0095. Those standards are as follows:		
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22		 reasonable and appropriate business standards; the requirements of other relevant state or federal authorities; the minimization of costs to ratepayers consistent with safety, reliability and quality assurance; and the facts and knowledge the Company knew or reasonably should have known at the time the costs were incurred. 		
23	Q.	How do these costs satisfy the first cited prudence standard?		
24	A.	All phases of the remedial activities are conducted using currently acceptable		
25	professi	onal practice.		
26				

1	Q. With respect to the second cited prudence standard, has the work performed
2	to date been submitted to the IEPA for review?
3	A. Yes. All work plans, health and safety plans, air monitoring plans and remedial
4	investigation reports have been submitted for agency approval and comment. The work
5	performed by the consultant to analyze the TACO cleanup standards did not result in a
6	document necessary for IEPA approval.
7	
8	Q. In connection with the work performed at the MGP sites, has the Company
9	sought to minimize the cost of ratepayers?
10	A. Yes, it has. AmerenUE has managed the site investigations in the most cost-
11	efficient manner possible, consistent with its obligations under federal and state laws. The
12	Company used appropriate business standards in selecting the best qualified and least-cost
13	contractor through the competitive bid process. All invoices submitted by the contractor
14	are reviewed to ensure they reflect actual job and technical performance, as well as
15	conditions and terms of the contract.
16	In addition, the site investigation work was performed in a phased approach to
17	appropriately limit and allocate expenditures to only the degree warranted by site
18	conditions. The Company reviewed and monitored all work performed by the contractor at
19	the sites in order to ensure that the work performed was both necessary and cost-effective.
20	
21	Q. With respect to the fourth and final prudence standard, were the
22	expenditures based on facts and knowledge the Company had at the time of the

expenditures?

23

1	A. Yes, they were. The Company has taken a phased approach to its MGP
2	investigation. Each investigation starts with a core program of site investigation and
3	evaluation. Additional steps, if necessary, are developed, implemented and based on
4	established facts. This ensures a thorough approach, while also minimizing costs.
5	
6	Q. You mentioned "TACO." Please describe that program.
7	A. TACO (Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives) is a risk-based
8	program to develop cleanup objectives for contaminated soil and groundwater in Illinois.
9	The program involves several steps and is administered by the Illinois Environmental
10	Protection Agency ("IEPA"). The primary steps of the TACO process are: 1) enroll in the
11	program with the IEPA; 2) conduct a site investigation; 3) develop cleanup levels; 4) if
12	necessary, plan the cleanup; 5) if necessary, perform and document the cleanup; 6) record
13	the "No Further Remediation" (NFR) letter; and 7) reimburse the IEPA and pay NFR
14	assessment fees.
15	
16	Q. Has or will the Company use the TACO program in connection with the
17	Alton site?
18	A. Initial site investigation work at the Alton site was performed prior to the
19	development of the TACO program by the Illinois EPA. All future work, however, will be
20	conducted pursuant to the TACO program. As stated earlier, the Company hired a
21	consultant in March 1999 to evaluate the Alton site in regard to the TACO program. The
22	consultant will identify any additional data needs and reports necessary to utilize the TACO

program for cleanup criteria and potential remediation.

23

Q. In prior testimony, the Company has described a "phased approach" with respect to the remediation of the Alton site. Explain how this "phased approach"

relates to the TACO program.

A. A phased approach is being utilized at the Alton site. The site investigation was performed in three phases. Upon completion of each phase, data was evaluated and additional data needs were assessed. This phased approach reduces the overall amount of samples, borings and monitoring wells necessary to characterize the site. After the site has been determined to be adequately characterized, the next phase will be initiated to establish cleanup objectives for the Alton site. Cleanup objectives are based using either the Tier 1 and 2 tables within the TACO regulations or a full risk assessment may be conducted under the Tier 3 provisions of the TACO regulations. Once these objectives are set, the conceptual design phase can be started to develop cleanup/management options. Under TACO, site contaminates may be managed instead of being removed. Detailed cleanup/management plans are completed after a cleanup option has been selected. The final phase is the initiation of the cleanup. The IEPA is involved with the review and approval of each phase of the site investigation and development of potential remediation plans.

Q. What is the status of investigation and remediation of the Alton site?

A. As mentioned earlier, the Company is in the process of revising and resubmitting to IEPA a site investigation report to comply with TACO program requirements. Cleanup objections under TACO are tied to a large degree on land use. The Company does not own

1	or control the site and must negotiate with the owner and its long-term tenant, the U.S.		
2	Postal Service, on land restrictions. The Company plans to initiate those discussions later		
3	this year	г.	
4			
5	Q.	Please provide the projected timeline for the remediation of the site.	
6	A.	A definitive timeline for site remediation has not been developed. As mentioned	
7	earlier, t	the Alton site is currently owned by a third party and occupied by the U.S. Postal	
8	Service	under a long-term leasehold interest. Since AmerenUE does not own the site,	
9	cleanup	objectives will require negotiations with the site owner and the U.S. Postal Service	
10	and approval by the IEPA. The Company considers Alton to be in the upper-tier of sites to		
11	be remediated and, assuming favorable negotiations, would commence site cleanup		
12	beginnir	ng in 2003.	
13			
14	Q.	Did the Company incur any insurance-related costs in 2001?	
15		Yes. In September 2001, Ameren Corporation purchased a general liability	
16	insuranc	ee policy for third party liability claims relating to or arising out of MGP sites	
17	owned a	and/or operated by its subsidiaries including UE. The cost of this policy is allocated	
18	to each l	MGP site.	
19			
20	Q.	Please describe the involvement of the Illinois Environmental Protection	
21	Agency	at the site, including the present status of their involvement.	
22	A.	Based on the site investigation report submitted to the IEPA, the Company	
23	believes	the MGP residuals present at the Alton site, are located underneath a paved	

parking lot and present a minimal route of exposure to the public. Accordingly, site conditions do not present an imminent risk to human health or the environment. To date, the IEPA has not requested the Company to conduct any further remediation activities. The ultimate goal of the Company for any potential remediation of the site would be obtaining a "No Further Remediation" letter from the IEPA. To achieve this goal, the IEPA will need to be fully involved in the review and approval of each phase of the investigation and development of potential site remediation plans.

Q. Please provide an estimate (estimated range) of the total remediation cost.

A. An estimate of cleanup cost is difficult to establish until the Company, the site owner and the IEPA agree upon a specific cleanup plan. However, based upon experience with other sites and available technology, the Company estimate remediation costs could range between 1.9 and 7.2 million dollars. If landowner and tenant negotiations proceed favorably, the Company will undertake a remediation with a cost in the lower range of this estimate or less. The higher end of the cost estimate would involve soil removal with offsite thermal treatment of the soil. TACO allows soils with lower contamination to be left on-site provided the exposure pathway can be eliminated. Elimination of the exposure pathways can be accomplished by various methods such as groundwater restrictions, deed restrictions, and engineered barriers. Engineered barriers can be existing buildings, asphalt or concrete pavement or a cap made with clay. Pathway elimination in the majority of situations is significantly lower in cost than soil removal with treatment.

Q. Does this conclude your testimony?

A. Yes it does.

STATE OF ILLINOIS ILLINOIS COMMERCE COMMISSION

ILLINOIS COMMERCE COMMISSION, on its own Motion,)
vs.) Docket No. 02-0171
UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY d/b/a AmerenUE)))
Reconciliation of revenues collected under Coal Tar Riders with prudent costs associated with coal tar clean up expenditures)))

AFFIDAVIT OF DONALD L. RICHARDSON

STATE OF MISSOURI)	
)	SS
CITY OF ST. LOUIS)	

Donald L. Richardson, being first duly sworn on his oath, states:

- My name is Donald L. Richardson. I work in St. Louis, Missouri and I am a
 Consulting Environmental Engineer in the Waste Management Division of the Environmental,
 Safety and Health Department.
- 2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my Direct Testimony consisting of 8 pages, prepared in written form for introduction into evidence in Illinois Commerce Commission Case No. 02-0171 on behalf of Union Electric Company d/b/a AmerenUE.

I hereby swear and affirm that my answers contained in the attached testimony to 3. the questions therein propounded are true and correct.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of April, 2002. Helly Angolone
Notary Publik

My Commission expires:

DEBBY ANZALONE Notary Public - Notary Seal STATE OF MISSOURI St. Louis County My Commission Expires: April 18, 2006